

## *N'*-[4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene]-3,5-dihydroxybenzohydrazide monohydrate

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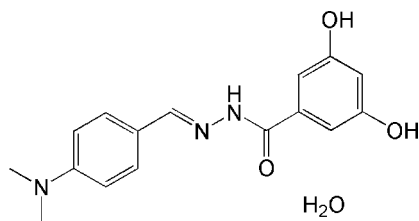
Received 20 November 2007; accepted 20 November 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.010$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.068;  $wR$  factor = 0.172; data-to-parameter ratio = 7.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ , the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is  $7.4$  (6)°. The Schiff base unit is nearly planar, with a mean deviation from the plane of  $0.089$  (8) Å. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked through intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming layers parallel to the  $ab$  plane.

### Related literature

For related structures, see: Brückner *et al.* (2000); Diao (2007); Diao *et al.* (2007); Harrop *et al.* (2003); Huang, Zhou *et al.* (2007); Li, Huang *et al.* (2007); Ren *et al.* (2002).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 317.34$   
 Monoclinic,  $Ia$   
 $a = 12.984$  (3) Å  
 $b = 4.6620$  (9) Å  
 $c = 26.040$  (5) Å  
 $\beta = 101.97$  (3)°

$V = 1542.0$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  (2) K  
 $0.27 \times 0.23 \times 0.23$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.974$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.977$   
 4115 measured reflections  
 1595 independent reflections  
 878 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.172$   
 $S = 1.01$   
 1595 reflections  
 221 parameters  
 6 restraints  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{O4}-\text{H4A} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.850 (11)	2.16 (6)	2.895 (8)	144 (9)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A} \cdots \text{O4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.902 (11)	2.14 (3)	2.999 (7)	159 (8)
$\text{O4}-\text{H4B} \cdots \text{N2}$	0.848 (11)	2.46 (4)	3.175 (7)	143 (6)
$\text{O4}-\text{H4B} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.848 (11)	2.24 (5)	2.936 (8)	139 (7)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.82	1.99	2.694 (6)	144
$\text{O1}-\text{H1} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{iv}}$	0.82	2.06	2.766 (7)	145

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (ii)  $x-\frac{1}{2}, -y, z$ ; (iii)  $x-\frac{1}{2}, -y-1, z$ ; (iv)  $x+\frac{1}{2}, -y-2, z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 2000); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

This project is supported by a research grant from Dalian Medical University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GD2022).

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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2007). E63, o4908 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536807061132 ]

## *N'*-[4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene]-3,5-dihydroxybenzohydrazide monohydrate

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### Comment

Schiff base compounds have received much attention in recent years. Some of the complexes have been found to have pharmacological and antitumor properties (Brückner *et al.*, 2000; Harrop *et al.*, 2003; Ren *et al.*, 2002). As part of our research programme on the Schiff base compounds (Diao *et al.*, 2007; Diao, 2007; Li, Huang *et al.*, 2007; Huang *et al.*, 2007), we report here the structure of the title compound.

The title compound consists of a Schiff base molecule and a lattice water molecule (Fig. 1). The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 7.4 (6)°. The Schiff base unit is nearly planar, with mean deviation from plane by 0.089 (8) Å.

In the crystal, molecules are linked through intermolecular hydrogen bonds of O—H...O, O—H...N and N—H...O type (Table 1), forming layers parallel to the *ab* plane (Fig. 2).

### Experimental

4-Dimethylaminobenzaldehyde (1.0 mmol, 149.2 mg) and 3,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid hydrazide (1.0 mmol, 168.2 mg) were dissolved in a methanol solution (70 ml). The mixture was stirred at reflux for 1 h and cooled to room temperature. After keeping the solution in air for five days, yellow block-like crystals were formed.

### Refinement

H1A, H4A and H4B were located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with N—H distances restrained to 0.90 (1) Å, for the water component the O—H distances were restrained to 0.85 (1) Å, and the H...H distance was restrained to 1.37 (2) Å. All other H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with distances C—H 0.93–0.96 Å, and O—H 0.82 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  and  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O and methyl C})$ .

### Figures

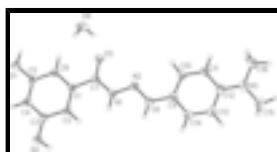


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound; displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

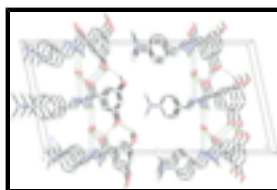


Fig. 2. O—H...O, O—H...N and N—H...O hydrogen bonding in the title compound, forming layers parallel to the *ab* plane.

## N'-[4-(Dimethylamino)benzylidene]-3,5-dihydroxybenzohydrazide monohydrate

### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_3 \cdot H_2O$

$M_r = 317.34$

Monoclinic, *Ia*

Hall symbol: I -2ya

$a = 12.984$  (3) Å

$b = 4.6620$  (9) Å

$c = 26.040$  (5) Å

$\beta = 101.97$  (3)°

$V = 1542.0$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 672$

$D_x = 1.367$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 419 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – $24.3$ °

$\mu = 0.10$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 298$  (2) K

Block, yellow

$0.27 \times 0.23 \times 0.23$  mm

### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 298$ (2) K

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(SADABS; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.974$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.977$

4115 measured reflections

1595 independent reflections

878 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.5$ °

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.2$ °

$h = -16 \rightarrow 16$

$k = -5 \rightarrow 4$

$l = -32 \rightarrow 26$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.068$

$wR(F^2) = 0.172$

$S = 1.02$

1595 reflections

221 parameters

6 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct  
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring  
sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of  
independent and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0714P)^2]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Extinction correction: none

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.6358 (4)	-0.0223 (13)	0.40242 (18)	0.0561 (14)
H1	0.6921	-0.0062	0.3930	0.084*
O2	0.2765 (3)	0.1330 (12)	0.33837 (19)	0.0564 (14)
H2	0.2368	0.2521	0.3216	0.085*
O3	0.6269 (3)	0.6887 (11)	0.25687 (17)	0.0460 (13)
O4	0.7220 (4)	0.1943 (13)	0.2180 (2)	0.0603 (15)
N1	0.4566 (4)	0.8107 (13)	0.22950 (19)	0.0410 (14)
N2	0.4820 (4)	1.0035 (14)	0.1938 (2)	0.0435 (14)
N3	0.4263 (5)	1.8785 (16)	-0.0003 (3)	0.069 (2)
C1	0.5024 (5)	0.4512 (15)	0.2978 (2)	0.0368 (16)
C2	0.3987 (5)	0.3982 (16)	0.2991 (2)	0.0420 (17)
H2A	0.3443	0.4912	0.2762	0.050*
C3	0.3774 (5)	0.1980 (16)	0.3363 (2)	0.0406 (16)
C4	0.4562 (5)	0.0604 (17)	0.3692 (2)	0.0399 (17)
H4	0.4407	-0.0742	0.3928	0.048*
C5	0.5586 (5)	0.1193 (16)	0.3677 (2)	0.0407 (17)
C6	0.5831 (5)	0.3110 (15)	0.3310 (2)	0.0384 (16)
H6	0.6527	0.3437	0.3289	0.046*
C7	0.5327 (5)	0.6580 (15)	0.2596 (2)	0.0363 (16)
C8	0.4024 (5)	1.1293 (16)	0.1662 (2)	0.0426 (17)
H8	0.3358	1.0916	0.1726	0.051*
C9	0.4132 (5)	1.3300 (17)	0.1251 (3)	0.0460 (18)
C10	0.5076 (5)	1.3966 (18)	0.1117 (3)	0.053 (2)
H10	0.5695	1.3154	0.1305	0.064*
C11	0.5117 (6)	1.5815 (18)	0.0710 (3)	0.055 (2)
H11	0.5764	1.6234	0.0627	0.066*
C12	0.4218 (6)	1.7053 (17)	0.0422 (3)	0.0536 (19)
C13	0.3264 (6)	1.6500 (18)	0.0565 (3)	0.062 (2)
H13	0.2650	1.7369	0.0384	0.074*
C14	0.3232 (6)	1.4649 (19)	0.0976 (3)	0.059 (2)
H14	0.2591	1.4299	0.1071	0.071*
C15	0.3331 (7)	2.014 (2)	-0.0305 (3)	0.080 (3)
H15A	0.2807	1.8704	-0.0428	0.120*

## supplementary materials

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H15B	0.3505	2.1120	-0.0599	0.120*
H15C	0.3061	2.1488	-0.0088	0.120*
C16	0.5271 (7)	1.963 (2)	-0.0118 (3)	0.075 (3)
H16A	0.5664	2.0699	0.0172	0.113*
H16B	0.5154	2.0790	-0.0429	0.113*
H16C	0.5659	1.7941	-0.0173	0.113*
H4B	0.674 (4)	0.067 (10)	0.214 (3)	0.080*
H1A	0.390 (3)	0.78 (2)	0.234 (4)	0.080*
H4A	0.693 (5)	0.359 (6)	0.215 (4)	0.080*

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.043 (3)	0.089 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.014 (3)	0.012 (2)	0.020 (3)
O2	0.040 (3)	0.081 (4)	0.050 (3)	-0.004 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.018 (2)
O3	0.036 (2)	0.060 (4)	0.042 (3)	-0.001 (2)	0.0090 (19)	0.006 (2)
O4	0.039 (2)	0.074 (4)	0.069 (3)	-0.007 (3)	0.014 (2)	-0.007 (3)
N1	0.034 (3)	0.059 (4)	0.031 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.008 (3)
N2	0.046 (3)	0.048 (4)	0.038 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.012 (3)	0.003 (3)
N3	0.074 (5)	0.079 (5)	0.053 (4)	0.008 (4)	0.012 (3)	0.021 (4)
C1	0.036 (4)	0.045 (4)	0.033 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.000 (3)
C2	0.036 (4)	0.055 (5)	0.034 (4)	0.007 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.002 (3)
C3	0.032 (3)	0.053 (5)	0.039 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.001 (3)
C4	0.041 (4)	0.048 (5)	0.035 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.000 (3)
C5	0.042 (4)	0.050 (5)	0.029 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.005 (3)	0.001 (3)
C6	0.041 (4)	0.043 (4)	0.033 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.010 (3)	-0.002 (3)
C7	0.037 (4)	0.038 (4)	0.037 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.016 (3)	-0.007 (3)
C8	0.041 (4)	0.051 (5)	0.036 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.004 (3)
C9	0.036 (4)	0.061 (5)	0.041 (4)	-0.004 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.003 (3)
C10	0.044 (4)	0.076 (6)	0.039 (4)	0.000 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.015 (4)
C11	0.051 (4)	0.077 (6)	0.038 (4)	-0.009 (4)	0.013 (3)	0.013 (4)
C12	0.058 (5)	0.071 (6)	0.032 (4)	0.003 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.005 (4)
C13	0.056 (5)	0.071 (6)	0.055 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.004 (4)	0.026 (4)
C14	0.045 (4)	0.072 (6)	0.060 (5)	0.000 (4)	0.008 (3)	0.018 (4)
C15	0.085 (6)	0.087 (8)	0.066 (6)	0.005 (5)	0.008 (5)	0.028 (5)
C16	0.079 (6)	0.091 (8)	0.059 (5)	-0.006 (5)	0.022 (5)	0.016 (5)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

O1—C5	1.372 (8)	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—H1	0.8200	C5—C6	1.393 (9)
O2—C3	1.357 (8)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—H2	0.8200	C8—C9	1.450 (10)
O3—C7	1.248 (8)	C8—H8	0.9300
O4—H4B	0.85 (4)	C9—C10	1.377 (9)
O4—H4A	0.85 (4)	C9—C14	1.388 (10)
N1—C7	1.333 (8)	C10—C11	1.377 (9)
N1—N2	1.382 (8)	C10—H10	0.9300
N1—H1A	0.91 (5)	C11—C12	1.376 (10)

N2—C8	1.273 (9)	C11—H11	0.9300
N3—C12	1.381 (9)	C12—C13	1.389 (10)
N3—C15	1.443 (10)	C13—C14	1.384 (11)
N3—C16	1.455 (10)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—C2	1.377 (8)	C14—H14	0.9300
C1—C6	1.377 (8)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C1—C7	1.495 (9)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.412 (9)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.353 (9)	C16—H16B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.366 (9)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C5—O1—H1	109.5	N2—C8—H8	119.3
C3—O2—H2	109.5	C9—C8—H8	119.3
H4B—O4—H4A	109 (3)	C10—C9—C14	117.7 (7)
C7—N1—N2	119.5 (5)	C10—C9—C8	124.1 (6)
C7—N1—H1A	118 (6)	C14—C9—C8	118.2 (6)
N2—N1—H1A	123 (6)	C9—C10—C11	121.0 (6)
C8—N2—N1	113.6 (6)	C9—C10—H10	119.5
C12—N3—C15	121.4 (7)	C11—C10—H10	119.5
C12—N3—C16	120.7 (7)	C12—C11—C10	121.2 (7)
C15—N3—C16	117.3 (7)	C12—C11—H11	119.4
C2—C1—C6	121.3 (6)	C10—C11—H11	119.4
C2—C1—C7	121.8 (6)	C11—C12—N3	120.6 (7)
C6—C1—C7	116.9 (5)	C11—C12—C13	118.6 (7)
C1—C2—C3	117.8 (6)	N3—C12—C13	120.7 (6)
C1—C2—H2A	121.1	C14—C13—C12	119.6 (7)
C3—C2—H2A	121.1	C14—C13—H13	120.2
C4—C3—O2	118.6 (6)	C12—C13—H13	120.2
C4—C3—C2	121.2 (6)	C13—C14—C9	121.7 (7)
O2—C3—C2	120.2 (6)	C13—C14—H14	119.2
C3—C4—C5	119.9 (6)	C9—C14—H14	119.2
C3—C4—H4	120.0	N3—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.0	N3—C15—H15B	109.5
C4—C5—O1	117.8 (6)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.7 (6)	N3—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C5—C6	121.5 (6)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	118.9 (6)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.5	N3—C16—H16A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.5	N3—C16—H16B	109.5
O3—C7—N1	121.4 (6)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
O3—C7—C1	120.5 (6)	N3—C16—H16C	109.5
N1—C7—C1	118.0 (5)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
N2—C8—C9	121.4 (6)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O4—H4A $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.850 (11)	2.16 (6)	2.895 (8)	144 (9)

## supplementary materials

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N1—H1A···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.902 (11)	2.14 (3)	2.999 (7)	159 (8)
O4—H4B···N2	0.848 (11)	2.46 (4)	3.175 (7)	143 (6)
O4—H4B···O3	0.848 (11)	2.24 (5)	2.936 (8)	139 (7)
O2—H2···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	1.99	2.694 (6)	144
O1—H1···O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.82	2.06	2.766 (7)	145

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (ii)  $x-1/2, -y, z$ ; (iii)  $x-1/2, -y-1, z$ ; (iv)  $x+1/2, -y-2, z$ .



Fig. 1

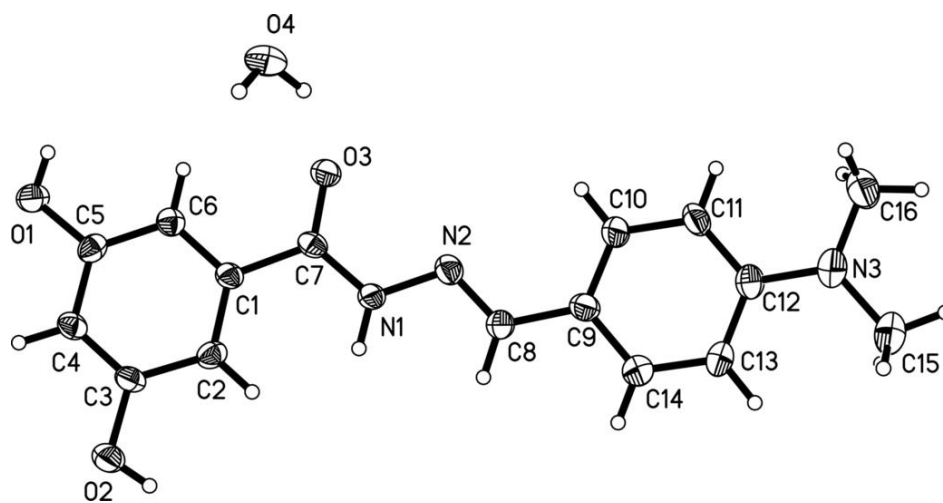


Fig. 2

